

Green Lands Blue Waters and Prioritizing CLC in NRCS Programs

REGAIN Office Hours – April 14, 2021





17 years old

 Formed in 2004 by reps of land grant universities & ag/environmental organizations

Systems-level positioning

 Increase broad support for perenniality in agriculture -Continuous Living Cover

Home base

• Minnesota Institute for Sustainable Agriculture University of Minnesota, St. Paul campus

Geographic focus

Upper Mississippi River Basin
 MN, WI, IA, IL, MO with partners in LA

Network

 Many partners - universities, researchers, educators, producer associations, environmental groups, food/ag industry, small business, nonprofits, governmental agencies, policy makers & farmers

Continuous Living Cover (CLC) Roots in the Ground Year Round

- Five signature CLC <u>Production</u> Strategies
 - Agroforestry
 - Perennial Forage
 - Perennial Grains
 - Perennial Biomass
 - Rotations Cover crops, cash cover crops & winter annuals
 - * Integration across strategies in whole farm systems *



Network approach to landscape scale change

Green Lands Blue Waters and partners are:

- conducting research breeding, agronomy, env'l, socioeconomic
- developing new educational, outreach/engagement capacity
- shaping policy
- building profitable markets for new crops
- working in farm fields



changing the narrative around what's possible through agriculture



GLBW Key Roles

Connector

Researchers ← → Practitioners

- Training - Policy - Markets - Practitioners ←→ Farmers

Collaborator

Partners across region & across CLC strategies - like REGAIN!

Convener

Conference, NRCS cohort, Midwest Perennial Forage WG

Communicator

newsletter, social media, narrative/resource creation



Why Prioritize CLC in NRCS programs?

- CLC farming is a very efficient use NRCS programs to improve conservation outcomes
- Environmental Quality Incentives Program (EQIP) & Conservation Stewardship Program (CSP) are NRCS programs that focus on improvement of water quality, soil health & other agricultural/natural resource concerns
- CLC farming can significantly improve conditions for resources of concern to NRCS, GLBW partners, farmers & communities.



GLBW CLC NRCS Cohort

 By coordinating across state lines, we can learn from each other, champion CLCfocused funding priorities & encourage cross-program & cross-state synergies



- Resources in the works:
 - State-by-state reports on staff perspectives of best opportunities for CLC integration
 - Two success profiles of producers implementing CLC with the help of NRCS programs
- Find more resources to help you make the case for NRCS support of CLC & regenerative agricultural practices at greenlandsbluewaters.org/resources/papers-guides/#clc-nrcs-programs

A few examples by state



Credit: Elisabeth Spratt

- Illinois EQIP funding & ranking pools for alley cropping, conservation crop rotation, contour buffer strips, cover crops, forage/biomass plantings, grassed waterways, riparian buffers, silvopasture & tree/shrub establishment
- Iowa Since FY19, CSP Grassland Conservation Initiative rewards livestock producers for conserving eligible land through grassland conservation contracts, including grazing lands
- Missouri Since FY17, Agroforestry Initiative EQIP sub-account funding pool & ranking points for alley cropping, silvopasture, windbreak/shelterbelt, riparian forest buffer, multi-story cropping

A few examples by state





Credit: Kat

- Encourages other perennial plantings in buffers & filter strips, such as forages, bioenergy crops & agroforestry
- Also, Kernza on the approved plant list has opened doors for source water protection projects; municipalities & counties planting Kernza in wellhead protection areas to reduce nitrate pollution
- Wisconsin Participates in a number of national initiatives Soil Health, Honey Bee Pollinator & Source Water Protection; practices include cover crops, forage plantings & biomass plantings



Thank You



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